

THE FINNISH SCHOOL SYSTEM

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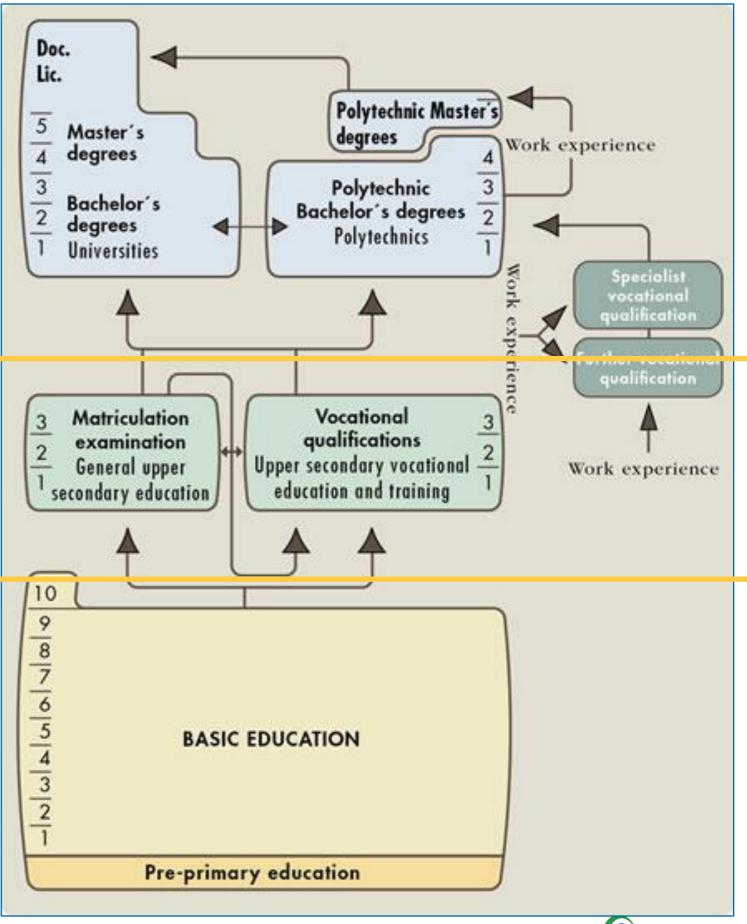
FREE

- except the books
- & lunches
- + study & rent grants (monthly)

FREE

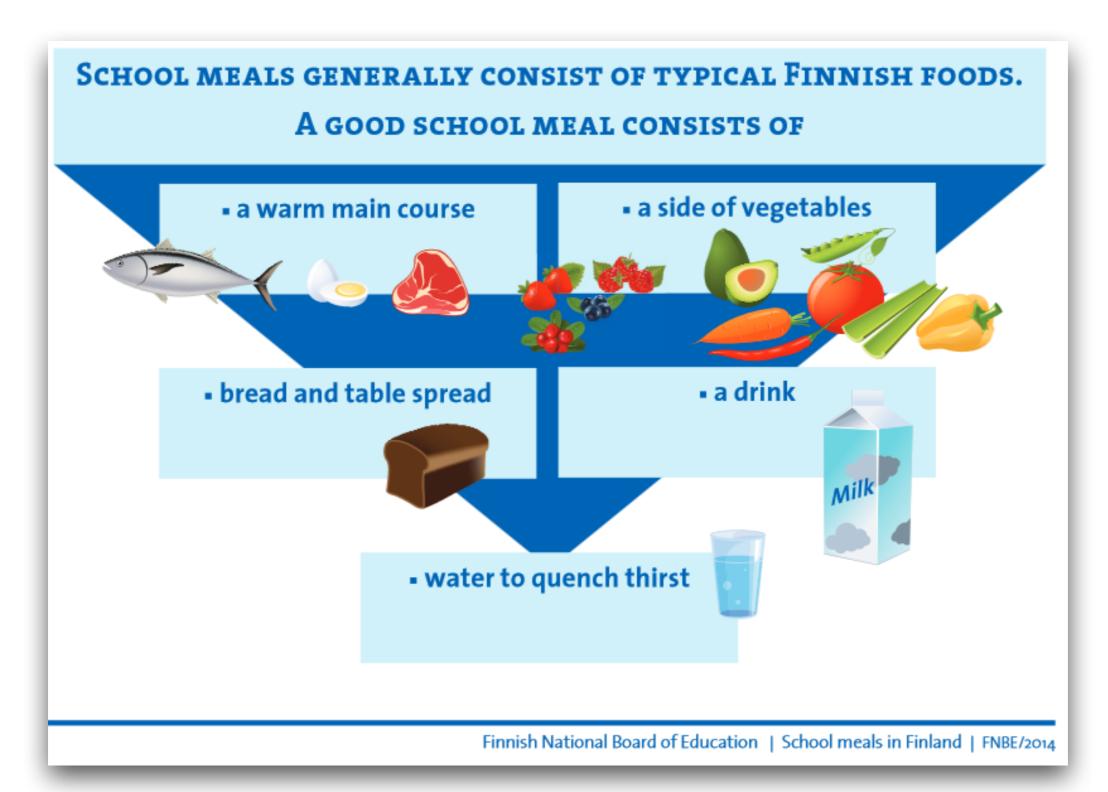
- except the books
- + a study grant (based on parents' income)

FREE





GOOD FOOD - GOOD ENERGY TO STUDY





IN GENERAL

- Mostly publicly funded
- Compulsory 7-17 years

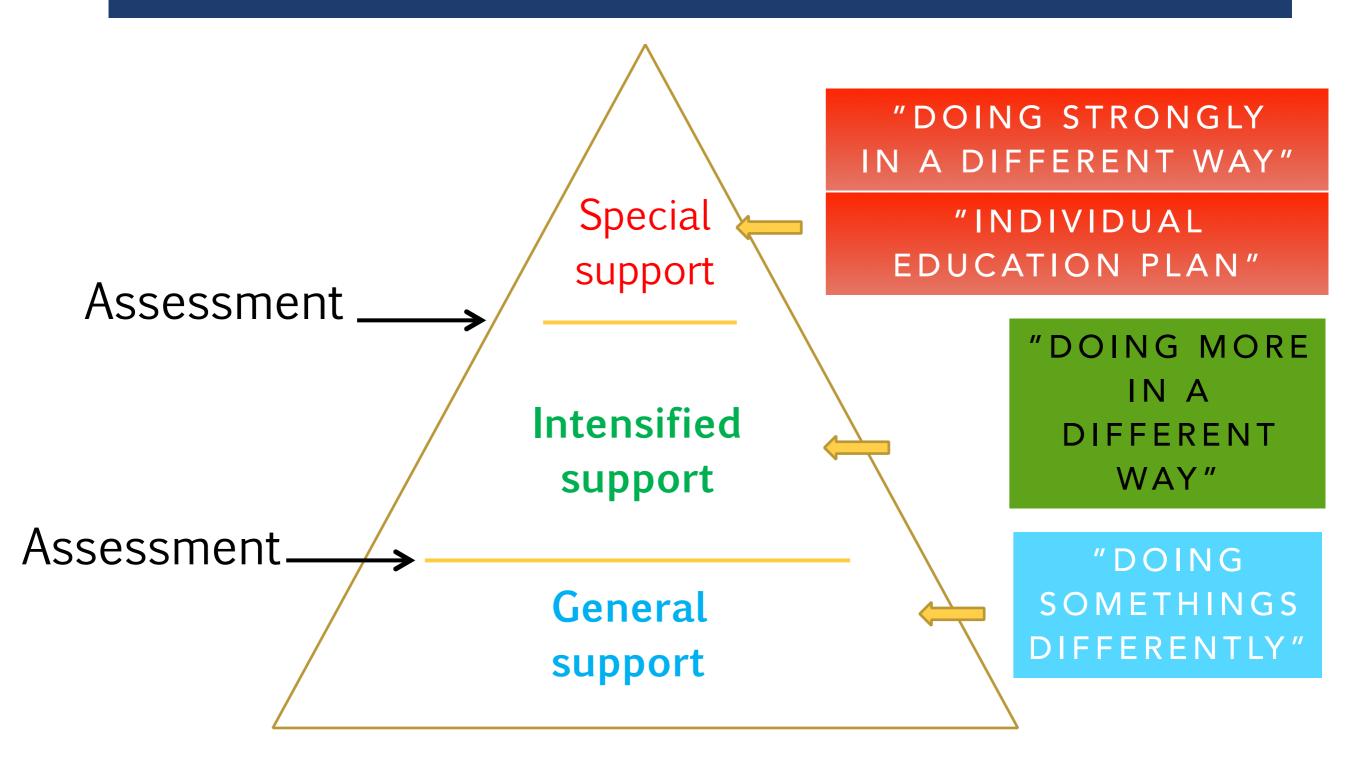
Basic education (comprehensive schools)

- New national curriculum '16
 - --> city level --> school curriculum
 - Cross curricular themes
- Pedagogical freedom & less paperwork
- 190 days
- Class teacher (1-6) & subject teachers (onwards)
- No NATIONAL testing --> steering, not controlling
- SEN (special needs education) in mainstream schools





3-STAGE MODEL FOR SUPPORT



Good basic education





IF/WHEN A CHALLANGE APPEARS!

WHAT ARE THE STEPS?

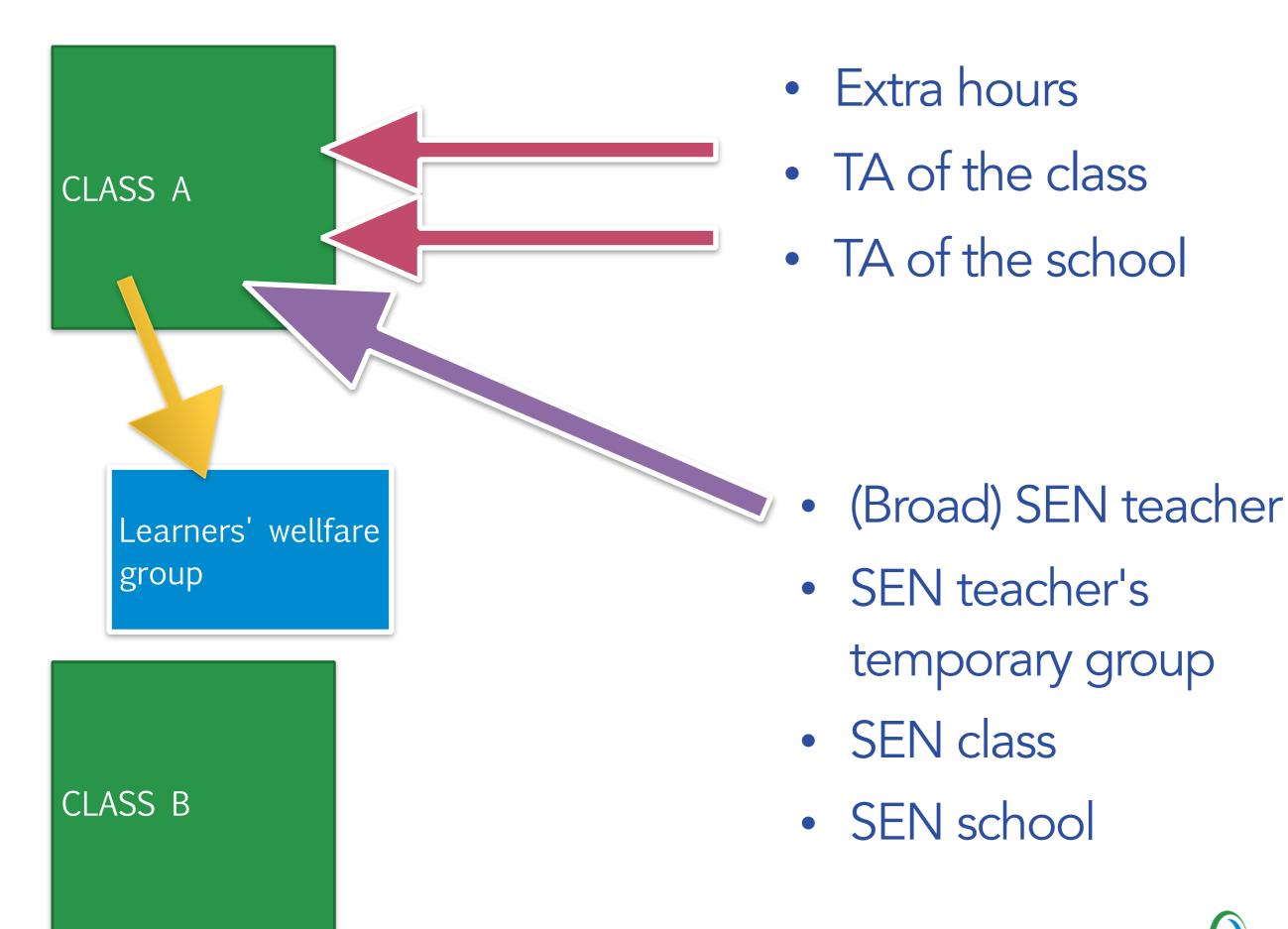




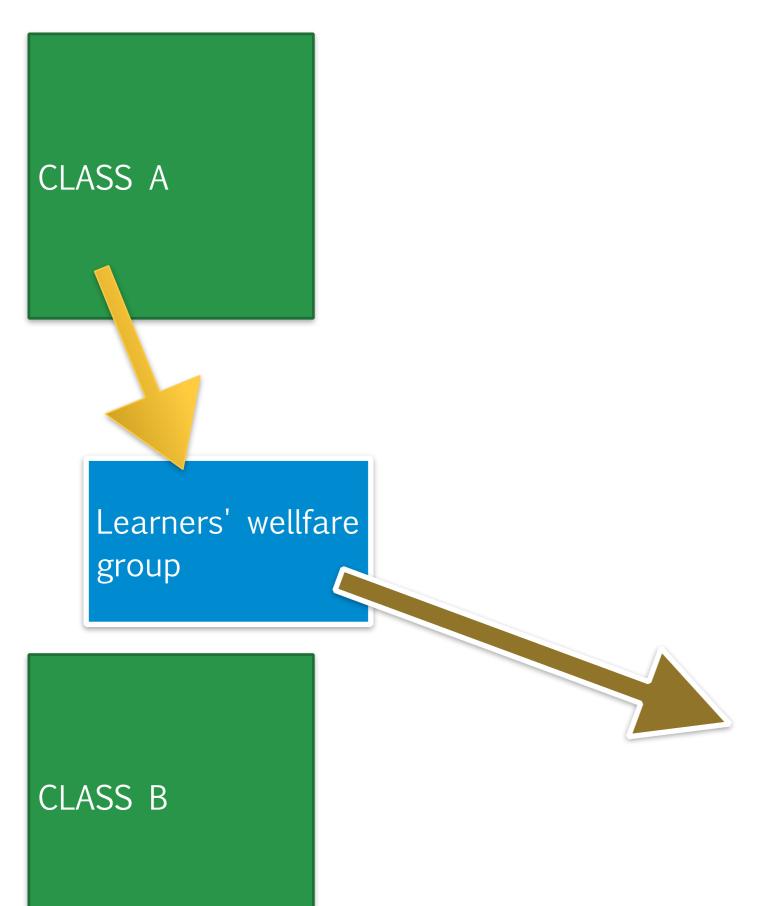
- Extra hours
- TA of the class
- TA of the school

- (Broad) SEN teacher
- SEN teacher's temporary group
- SEN class
- SEN school





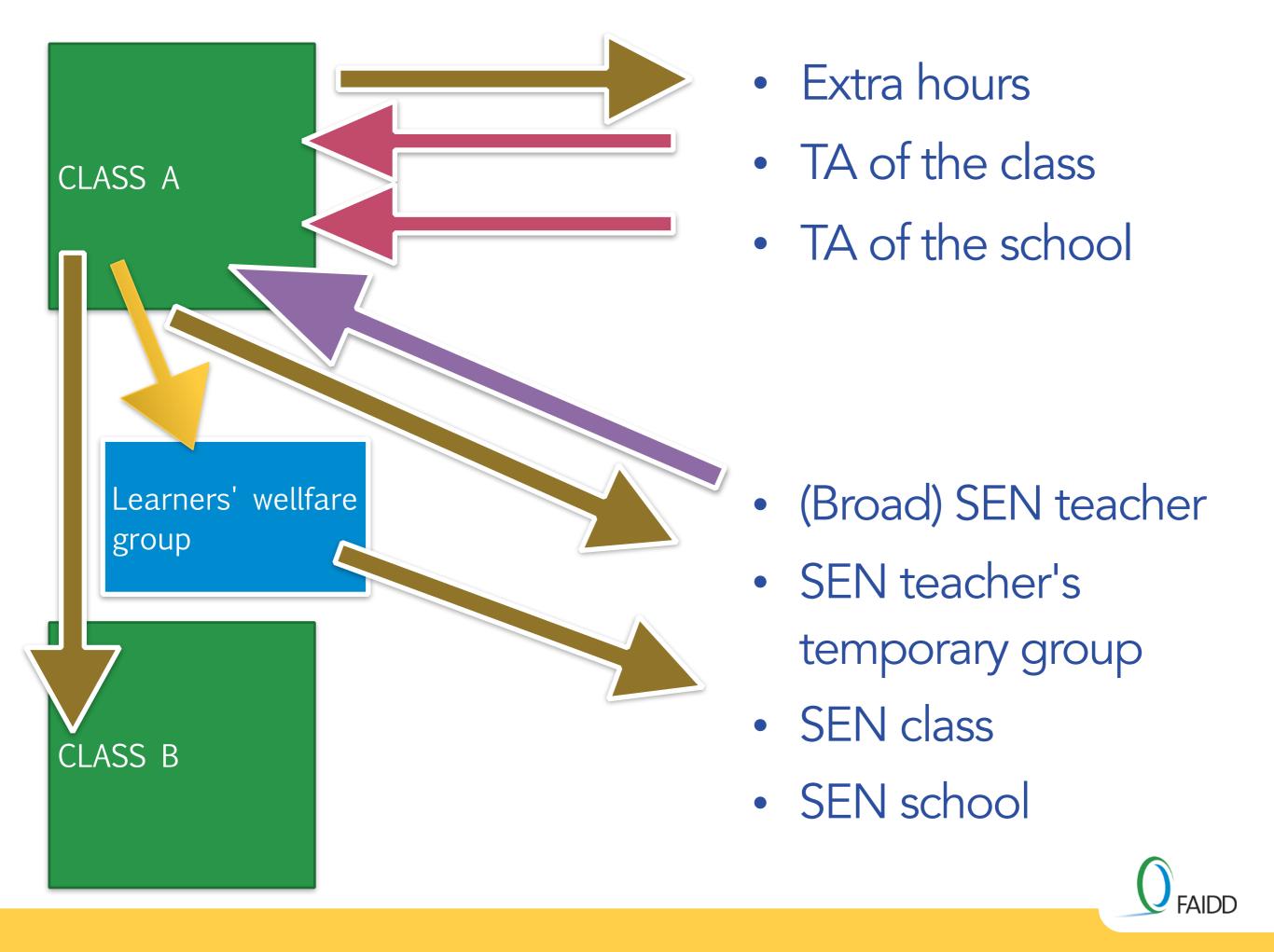




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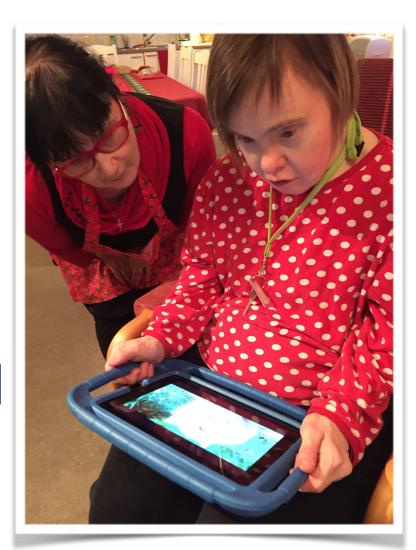




INCLUSION IN FINNISH SCHOOLS

Key principles:

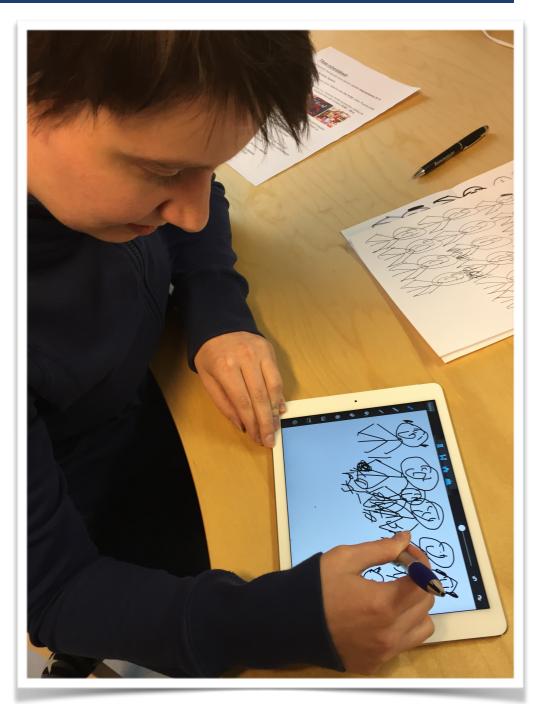
- Every one is individual and equal
- Nearby school culture
 the support comes to the pupil
- Building community values in school
- From barriers to resource targeting
- Teaching everyone together





INCLUSION IN FINNISH SCHOOLS

- Mainstream schools
 2 576 SEN 105 (4%)
- SEN schools -->
- Learning resource centres with innovative pedagogical practices
- Positive discrimination money to schools





GENERAL OR VOCATIONAL UPPER SECONDARY EDUCATION

- 3 years
- Give eligibility for higher education.
- < 40% choose Vocational:
 - 1) Technology 2) Communications and Transport
 - 3) Social services, health and sports.
- Students are chosen based:
 - on gradesor/and
 - entrance and aptitude tests



HIGHER EDUCATION

- Universities:
 - emphasise scientific research
- Polytechnics (universities of applied sciences)
 - adopt a more practical approach
- Very autonomous
 (instruction & whole academic year)









Source: hardik.practutor.com.

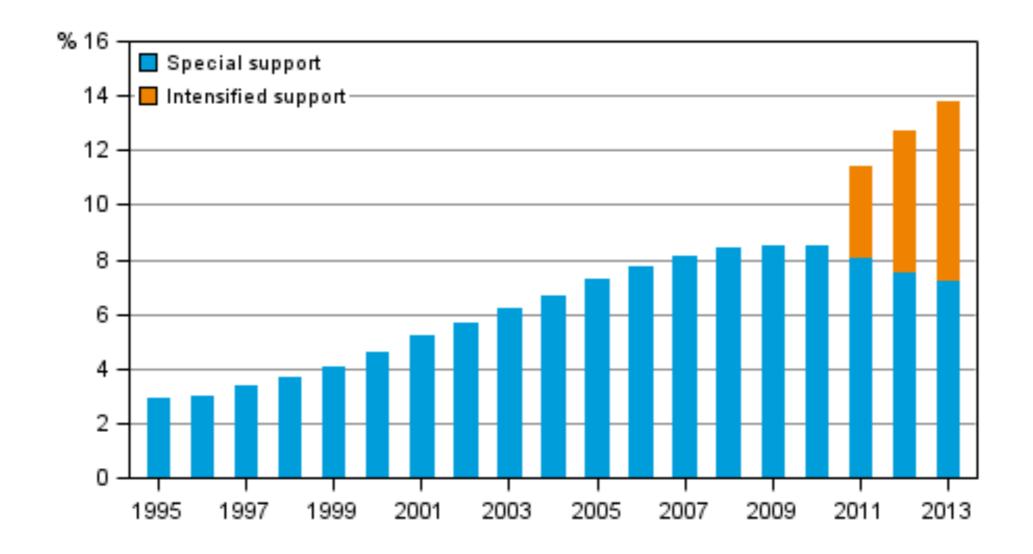
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SPECIAL NEEDS EDUCATION IN COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOLS (2013)



- Intensified support: 6,5 %
- SEN-students with IEP: 7,3 %





SOME REASONS:

- Earlier diagnostics
- Larger need for special education
- New categories for support
- Changes in statistics
- Changes in laws



1.general support

2.intensified support

3.special support

- for pupils who cannot achieve their growth, development and learning objectives through other support measures
- an administrative decision
 - consulting the pupil and parents
- a holistic and systematic support to complete compulsory education
- Revised: after the 2nd year and before the 7th
- individual educational plan (IEP)
- Right for a learning assistant
- +1 year for people with profound dissabilities





STUDYING ACCORDING TO ACTIVITY AREAS

- divided into functional domains
 - motor skills
 - language and communication
 - social skills
 - daily living skills
 - cognitive skills

